

IVASA

ASEAN NCAP Intelligent Vehicle Advanced Safety Assessment Program

Evaluation Protocol for Basic Driving Assistance

Contents

1 Scope	1
2 Assessment Methods	1
2.1 Overview	1
2.2 Car-to-Vehicle Test Scoring	1
2.3 Car-to-VRU Test Scoring	2
2.4 Car-to-Obstacle Test Scoring	2
2.5 Car-to-Road-Infrastructure Test Scoring	3
2.6 Overall Assessment	4

IVASA Evaluation Protocol for Basic Driving Assistance

1 Scope

This document specifies the assessment methods for the basic driving assistance component of IVASA under the ASEAN NCAP Intelligent Vehicle Advanced Safety Assessment Program.

2 Assessment Methods

2.1 Overview

Basic driving assistance shall be assessed through proving-ground testing, with a maximum score of 100 points. The assessment comprises Car-to-Vehicle, Car-to-VRU, Car-to-Obstacle, and Car-to-Road-Infrastructure tests, worth 36, 36, 12, and 16 points, respectively.

2.2 Car-to-Vehicle Test Scoring

The car-to-vehicle test has a maximum score of 36 points and comprises nine test scenarios. The scoring method is specified in Table 1.

Table 1 Scoring matrix for car-to-vehicle test scenarios

No.	Test scenario	VUT speed (km/h)	VT speed (km/h)	Assessment criterion	Points
1	Stationary passenger car ahead on a straight road	60	0	Collision avoided	4
2	Stationary passenger car ahead on a curve	110	0	Collision avoided	4
3	Moving light truck ahead on a straight road	60	20	Collision avoided	4
4	Stationary light truck ahead on a curve	80	0	Collision avoided	4
5	Passenger car cutting in at night	80	50	Collision avoided	4
6	Passenger car crossing	40	30	Collision avoided	4
7	Stationary heavy truck ahead in rain	60	0	Collision avoided	4
8	Moving heavy truck ahead	110	30	Collision avoided	4

9	VUT travelling straight with an oncoming passenger car turning right	30	20	Collision avoided	2
		50	20	Collision avoided	2

2.3 Car-to-VRU Test Scoring

The car-to-VRU test has a maximum score of 36 points and comprises nine test scenarios. The scoring method is specified in Table 2.

Table 2 Scoring matrix for car-to-VRU test scenarios

No.	Test scenario	VUT speed (km/h)	Target speed (km/h)	Assessment criterion	Points
1	Stationary motorcycle carrying a child ahead in rain	50	0	Collision avoided	2
		80	0	Collision avoided	2
2	Moving motorcycle carrying a child ahead	60	20	Collision avoided	2
		100	60	Collision avoided	2
3	Motorcycle carrying a child cutting in ahead at night	60	40	Collision avoided	4
4	Motorcycle carrying a child crossing ahead	50	20	Collision avoided	2
		50	30	Collision avoided	2
5	Motorcycle crossing ahead (obstructed)	50	30	Collision avoided	2
		80	30	Collision avoided	2
6	Pedestrian crossing	50	5	Collision avoided	4
7	Pedestrian walking longitudinally at night	50	5	Collision avoided	2
		80	5	Collision avoided	2
8	Secondary target vehicle (motorcycle)	45	0	Collision avoided	2
		60	0	Collision avoided	2
9	VUT travelling straight with an oncoming motorcycle turning right	30	15	Collision avoided	2
		50	15	Collision avoided	2

2.4 Car-to-Obstacle Test Scoring

The car-to-obstacle test has a maximum score of 12 points and comprises three test scenarios. The scoring method is specified in Table 3.

Table 3 Scoring matrix for car-to-obstacle test scenarios

No.	Test scenario	VUT speed (km/h)	Target speed (km/h)	Assessment criterion	Points
1	Cow crossing	60	3	Collision avoided	2
		100	3	Collision avoided	2
2	Wild boar crossing	60	10	Collision avoided	2
		100	10	Collision avoided	2
3	Secondary collision	60	0	Collision avoided	2
		100	0	Collision avoided	2

2.5 Car-to-Road-Infrastructure Test Scoring

The car-to-road-infrastructure test has a maximum score of 16 points and comprises four test scenarios. The scoring method is specified in Table 4.

Table 4 Scoring matrix for car-to-road-infrastructure test scenarios

No.	Test scenario	VUT speed (km/h)	Target speed (km/h)	Assessment criterion	Percentage Score	Points
1	Traffic-signal recognition and response	60	/	When the signal is red, the system shall issue a warning and reduce the VUT speed to 30 km/h or below	50%	4
				When the signal is red, the system shall issue a warning and stop the VUT before the stop line	100%	

2	Stop-sign recognition and response	60	/	The system shall issue a warning and reduce the vehicle speed to 30 km/h or below	50%	4
				The system shall issue a warning and stop the VUT before the stop line	100%	
3	Speed-limit- sign recognition and response	90	/	The system shall reduce the VUT speed to the posted speed limit or below before the rear of the VUT passes the plane of the speed-limit sign	100%	4
4	Roadworks- zone navigation	60	/	Collision avoided	100%	2
		100	/	Collision avoided	100%	2

2.6 Overall Assessment

The overall basic driving assistance assessment comprises five ratings: Good (G), Adequate (A), Marginal (M), Weak (W), and Poor (P). The assessment criteria are specified in Table 5.

- a) The overall rating is Good (G) when the basic driving assistance percentage score is at least 80%;
- b) The overall rating is Adequate (A) when the basic driving assistance percentage score is at least 70% but less than 80%;
- c) The overall rating is Marginal (M) when the basic driving assistance percentage score is at least 60% but less than 70%;
- d) The overall rating is Weak (W) when the basic driving assistance percentage score is at least 50% but less than 60%;
- e) The overall rating is Poor (P) when the basic driving assistance percentage score is less than 50%.

Table 5 Overall basic driving assistance assessment

Overall rating	Percentage Score
Good(G)	Percentage score $\geq$ 80%

Adequate(A)	$70\% \leq \text{Percentage score} < 80\%$
Marginal(M)	$60\% \leq \text{Percentage score} < 70\%$
Weak(W)	$50\% \leq \text{Percentage score} < 60\%$
Poor(P)	Percentage score $< 50\%$